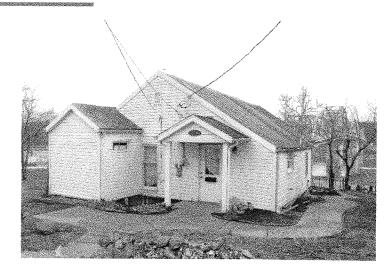


PROJECT BRIEF

Historic District Board of Review Application for Certificate of Appropriateness at 820 Fillmore Aly to build a two-car garage.

Application Date: November 21, 2024 HDBR Meeting Date: December 16, 2024



Project Description:

Certificate of Appropriateness application to build a two-car garage.

Current Zoning:

HISTORIC DISTRICT RESIDENTIAL (HDR)

Project Location:

820 Fillmore Aly

Applicant:

Claude and Wanda Rottet 820 Fillmroe Aly. Madison, IN 47250 Owner:

Supporting Documents:

COA application

Site Plan

Photographs

Copy of HDBR meeting public sign

Alterations, Historical Information, & Prior Approvals:

Date	c. 1930s
Style	
Evaluation	
Survey Notes	

Alterations:

Historical Information/Misc. Important Information:

Prior COA Approvals:

Guidelines, Standards, & Ordinances

HDBR Guidelines:

Madison Historic District Design Guidelines – 24.0 NEW CONSTRUCTION - OUTBUILDINGS p. 101-102 24.1 The design of new garages and other accessory buildings should be compatible with dwellings in the historic district. New outbuildings should respect and blend with the architectural style and scale of the associated dwelling. 24.2 Site new garages and accessory buildings appropriately on the lot. Locate detached new garages and outbuildings to the rear of a dwelling or set back from the side elevations. Attached garages and accessory buildings should be set back from the front façade of the primary dwelling at least one-third of the total depth of the dwelling. 24.3 If reconstruction of a missing garage or outbuilding is desired, it should be based on accurate evidence of the original configuration, form, massing, style, placement, and detail from photographic evidence or other documentation of the original building.

24.4 The outbuilding should maintain a proportional mass, size, and height to ensure it is not taller or wider than the principal building on the lot.

24.5 Materials used for new garages and outbuildings should reflect the historical development of the property. Materials used at exterior façades of garages and outbuildings were often different (and less costly) than that of the main dwelling. Materials that are appropriate for new secondary buildings include wood or brick. If frame buildings are constructed, alternative materials may be considered if they resemble traditional wood siding in texture, dimension, and overall appearance. Materials such as T1-11 siding, plywood and oriented strand board (OSB) are not sufficiently durable for exterior use and are not appropriate.

24.6 Generally, the eaves and roof ridge of any new outbuilding should not be higher than those of the existing primary building.

24.7 Windows which are readily visible from the public right-of-way should be appropriate to the style of the house. Visible pedestrian doors should either be appropriate for the style of house to which the outbuilding relates or be flat with no panels.

24.8 Metal garage doors with a paneled design may be appropriate. These doors can be used on garages that are located at the back of the lot and are minimally visible from the street or public right-of-way. If the garage and garage doors are highly visible from a public street or located on a corner lot, solid wood or wood garage doors with a paneled design are more appropriate.

24.9 At double garages, two single garage doors rather than one larger, double door should be installed. This will maintain the scale and rhythm of older structures, making a two-car garage seem smaller and more compatible with the primary dwelling.

24.10 New carports should be located at the rear of dwellings and not visible. Most carport designs have flat roofs and metal support columns and are not compatible with historic dwelling designs.

Ordinance:

151.34 Visual Compatibility Factors

- (A) Height. The height of proposed buildings shall be visually compatible with adjacent buildings.
- (B) Proportion of building's front facade. The relationship of the width of building to the height of the front elevation shall be visually compatible to buildings, squares, and places to which it is visually related.
- (C) Proportion of openings within the facility. The relationship of the width of the windows to height of windows in a building shall be visually compatible with buildings, squares, and places to which the building is visually related.
- (D) Rhythm of solids to voids in front facades. The relationship of solids to voids in the front facade of a building shall be visually compatible with buildings, squares, and places to which it is visually related.
- (E) Rhythm of spacing of buildings on streets. The relationship of the building to open space between it and adjoining buildings shall be visually compatible to the buildings, squares, and places to which it is visually related.

- (F) Rhythm of entrance or porch projection. The relationship of entrances and porch projections to sidewalks of buildings, squares, and places shall be visually compatible to the buildings to which it is visually related.
- (G) Relationship of materials, and texture. The relationship of materials, and texture of the facade of a building shall be visually compatible with the predominant materials used in the buildings to which it is visually related.
- (H) Roof shapes. The roof shape of a building shall be visually compatible with the buildings to which it is visually related.
- (I) Walls of continuity. Appurtenances of a building such as walls, wrought iron, fences, evergreen landscape masses, and building facades, shall, if necessary, form cohesive walls of enclosure along a street, to insure visual compatibility of the building to the buildings, squares, and places to which it is visually related.
- (J) Scale of a building. The size of a building, the building mass of a building in relation to open spaces, the windows, door openings, porches, and balconies shall be visually compatible with the buildings, squares, and places to which it is visually related.

Secretary of the Interior Standards:

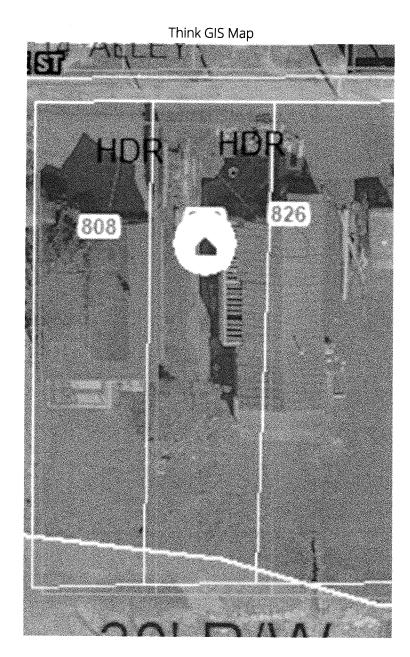
NA

Preservation Brief:

NA

Conformance with Guidelines, Ordinance & Standards:

This project is in conformance with the guidelines and ordinance.



HISTORIC RESOURCE INVENTORY FORM

Resource Address: 820 Fillmore Aly Madison Indiana 47250 USA			er van er ellen en kommen en e
County: Jefferson	ه ۱۰ هم این از این از این از این از این		<u> </u>
Historic name:	an C. Carlor, C. Carlo		
Present name:	et er en		
Local place name:	Blackfold or book year, seed a merchanism was the observed plane, a summan representation on a security of the con-		
Visible from public right of way: Yes	eri eri telit talistati tali kakalatani mala yaka ya		
Ownership: Private	en e		
Owner/Address:	haramete, est 1631 e 164 magaiga que esta persona antica a Revisable de del del Medido mide de Janes e me e con		
Land unit size:			The second secon
Site/Setting: Sits on hill as land drops to river lev Curvilinear concrete paths to entry, linear paved retaining walls at rear.	vel, house is split level. parking parallel to road. Stone	Lat/Lang. 28 722220 42000216	40. 05.200005523232500 Mayore M
		UTM: Zone 16S, 641678.0271	40, -85.3699885533729500 [WGS84]
		Parcel No.	III.L., +200445.30/U MIN
Historical Information		Company of the control of the contro	and the title of the the transfer and the first of the second of the sec
Historical Information Historic Function: Domestic: Single Dwelling			1 5 11:
Construction Date: ca. 1930-1939, circa 1930s*	enter en contra facilità de la compansión	Current Function: Domestic: Si Architect:	ingle Dwelling
Original or Significant Owners:		Builder:	
Significant Date/Period:		Developer:	
Areas of Significance:	ant consists that the public purposes and the state of th	Developer:	
		ente quantitati en enque una esta facia de al maior a situa, de servir que de profesio de desta de desta filma Historia de Historia de Perez de de Arra de Arr	
Architectural Information	0. 3		
Category: building, House	Style:		Additions
Structural: frame	Exterior Material(s): v	** 1.55 Science 1 State Survey of Advances (AAAA Control Species Speci	✓ Alterations ☐ Moved
Stories: 1, Bays:	Roof Material: historic		Other
Form or Plan: Vernacular, irregular	Roof Type: Gable Fror		Ancillary structures:
Foundation: poured concrete General condition: Fair		t 1/1 double-hung sashes	The second section of the second section is a federal section.
ar ya ya masani ka wa masani masa ka masa masa masa masa masa masa m	Chimney(s):		
Basement:	Porch: portico		
National: indiv. district landmrk. F State/Province: indiv. district landmrk.	Evaluation (Preparer's Assessmen Recommendation Individually eligible Eligible as contributing resource Not eligible / non-contributing	nt of Eligibility) Level of potential eligibility National State Local	Landmark potential National State Local

1982, Madison Local Historic District





Description/Remarks

This is a 1-story house built in 1930s. The structural system is frame. The foundation is poured concrete. Exterior walls are vinyl siding. The building has a gable front roof clad in historic standing seam metal with flush eaves. Front gable, closed eaves on part, overhanging on some. Windows are replacement, 1/1 double-hung sashes. Also wood 4/4 double-hung on west. There is a portico characterized by a gabled roof clad in asphalt shingles with square wood posts. Porch on south side. Upper-light replacement door.

Survey and Recorder

Project: Madison, Indiana	Sequence/Key no.:	Survey Date: December 2021
Prepared By: Douglas Gilbert, The Lakota Group/Douglas Gilbert Architect	Report Title/Name: Madison Local Historic District Update	Previous Surveys: Madison Reconnaissance Survey (2002-2004), surveyed Oct 03, 2002, Site Number 4-259
Inventoried: 09/20/2021 11:44:02 am Last updated: 06/17/2022 2:44:49 pm by Doug Kaarre / 312.467.5445 x 220	Level of Survey: Reconnaissance Intensive	Additional Research Recommended? Yes No



101 W Main St Madison, IN 47250 (812) 265-8324

Application for Certificate of Appropriateness

Paper applications will be accepted by the Office of Planning, Preservation, and Design; however, electronic submissions through our Permit Portal are preferred. This application can be submitted electronically at www.madison-in.gov/reporting.

HDBR Staff Review Fee \$ 10.00 HDBR Application Fee* \$ 25.00 HDBR Ad Fee* \$ 15.00 Sign Fee* \$ 2.00 per street

Purpose: All exterior changes visible from the public right-of-way (streets/alleys) within the Madison Historic District requires a Certificate of Appropriateness (COA). Applications must be complete before the HDBR or Staff can begin the review process. Submit this application form, all supplemental documentation as required, and the required fee(s).

This application must be filed <u>at least 15 days prior</u> to scheduled meeting to be eligible for consideration at that meeting. Actual deadlines vary due to holidays, office business hours and operating schedule, media publishing deadlines, etc. Deadlines are published publicly and can also be provided by contacting the Planning Office.

Name: CLaude & Wanda Rottet	OWNER INFORMATION (IF DIFFERENT*) Name:
Street: 826 Filmore Street	Street:
City: Madison State: Ind Zip: 47250	City: State: Zip:
Phone (Preferred): 502-612-1518	Phone (Preferred):
Phone (Alternate):	Phone (Alternate):
Email:	Email:
* If Applicant is not Owner, MUST submit documentation from ow	
PROPERTY FOR WHICH THE WORK IS REQUESTED	
Address and/or Legal Description of Property:	
Zoning Classification:	
Type of Project (Check all that apply) New Building Addition to Building Relocating a Building Demolition	Restoration, Rehabilitation, or Remodel Fence or Wall Sign Other:
Description of Existing Use:	1-
Description of Proposed Use: Two Car Gar	age with walk in door.
Name of Contractor (If applicable):	

^{*} Required for applications being heard before the HDBR.

Per the City of Madison Historic District Ordinance, an application must include the following in addition to the usual material required for a building permit at the time of application. For site plans all four (4) setbacks from property line MUST be labeled. Only one (1) copy of each supporting document is necessary. Repair, Replace, or Repair/Replace: □ Structure Plan - Elevations (Only required if making changes to openings or adding/removing features) ☐ Site Plan MUST have all four (4) setbacks labeled. (Only if changing footprint) Photographs (current/proposed) with captions ■ Samples/brochures New Buildings and New Additions: Structure Plan - Elevations (Only required if making changes to openings or adding/removing features) Site Plan MUST have all four (4) setbacks labeled. Floor Plan Photographs of proposed site and adjoining properties with captions Samples/brochures Sign and Fence/Walls: Photograph of Existing with captions Sketches/Photo of proposed Samples/brochures COA Addendum Moving Buildings: Map showing existing location Map showing proposed location Photographs of structure with captions Demolition: Photographs with captions Provide a detailed Narrative statement describing the proposed scope of work. If the project includes more than one type of project, please divide the description into sections. We want to build a Two Car Garage on The Rook and exterior walls will motch The house. This will be a stick built Garge (Not a Pole Born

Include a list of existing and proposed materials for each applicable category. New Construction, Relocation, or Demolition are on the next page.

Check all that apply	Building Element	Guideline Page #	Approval Types	Existing Material	Proposed Material
	Brickwork & Masonry	40	STAFF		
	Concrete & Stucco	42	STAFF		
	Siding	44	HDBR/STAFF		Viriyle
	Metal	49	STAFF		
	Architectural Details	52	HDBR/STAFF		
	Awnings & Canopies	54	STAFF		
	Cornices	56	HDBR/STAFF		
	Chimneys	57	HDBR/STAFF		
	Doors & Entrances	59	HDBR/STAFF		entry
	Fire Escapes & Staircases	62	HDBR/STAFF		
	Foundations	63	STAFF		
	Historic Garages & Outbuildings	64	HDBR/STAFF		
	Light Fixtures	66	STAFF		
	Porches	68	HDBR/STAFF		
	Roofs	71	HDBR/STAFF		
	Signs	74	STAFF		
	Storefronts	78	HDBR/STAFF		
	Windows	82	HDBR/STAFF		
	Window Shutters and Screens	87	HDBR/STAFF		
	Fences and Walls	88	STAFF	The state of the s	
	Mechanical Units	91	STAFF		
	Pools, Fountains, Gazebos & Pergolas (existing)	93	STAFF		

Include a list of existing and proposed materials for each applicable category.

Check all hat apply	Building Element	Guideline Page #	Approval Types	Existing Material	Proposed Material
	New Construction - Residential	94	HDBR		
	New Construction – Outbuildings	101	HDBR		Wood - Concrete Vinal Siding
	New Construction – Commercial	103	HDBR		VIIIZI STEIN
	New Construction – Additions	109	HDBR		
	New Construction – Decks	109	HDBR/STAFF		
	New Construction –Accessibility	110	HDBR/STAFF		
	New Construction –Energy Retrofit	112	HDBR/STAFF		
	Relocation	115	HDBR		
	Demolition	116	HDBR		
	Other:		HDBR/STAFF		
the I ha I ur	nderstand that I (or my representation meeting, the application will be decive reviewed the City of Madison's "Inderstand that I must post the notificial pediately prior to the meeting on when 2824	emed inco Historic Dis ication sigr	mplete and will strict Guidelines n(s) provided by	be placed on the nex of in preparing this Ap of the HDBR on site for	t month's agenda. plication.
Date		Signatur	e of Applicant	w pu	
OMPLET	ED BY PLANNING OFFICE		Meeting I	nformation: Historic (District Board of Review
Applicati	on Accepted on:		_		250 – Council Chambers
Application Accepted by:			Meeting (Date:	_ Time: 5:30PM
Application to be Reviewed by:		Action o	on Application:		
	HDBR 🗆 STAFF			VSTAFF COA 🗆	HDBR/STAFF COA
			issue		denied
				R Extended 🗆	denied

24.0 NEW CONSTRUCTION-OUTBUILDINGS

DESIGN OBJECTIVES

The construction of new outbuildings such as pool houses, garages, sheds, gatehouses, and secondary living quarters can have either a beneficial or negative effect on the historic character of the main house and its surroundings. New outbuildings generally should adhere to the principle that they are secondary structures and should never overwhelm the main building. New outbuildings should generally be located to the rear of the main building or at a less conspicuous location.

DESIGN GUIDELINES FOR NEW OUTBUILDINGS

- 24.1 The design of new garages and other accessory buildings should be compatible with dwellings in the historic district. New outbuildings should respect and blend with the architectural style and scale of the associated dwelling.
- 24.2 Site new garages and accessory buildings appropriately on the lot. Locate detached new garages and outbuildings to the rear of a dwelling or set back from the side elevations. Attached garages and accessory buildings should be set back from the front façade of the primary dwelling at least one-third of the total depth of the dwelling.
- 24.3 If reconstruction of a missing garage or outbuilding is desired, it should be based on accurate evidence of the original configuration, form, massing, style, placement, and detail from photographic evidence or other documentation of the original building.
- 24.4 The outbuilding should maintain a proportional mass, size, and height to ensure it is not taller or wider than the principal building on the lot.

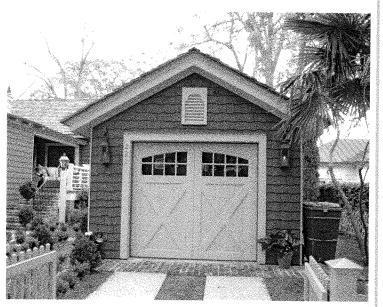


YES: The new garage at 315 Poplar Street is appropriately scaled, and its garage door is based on traditional designs.

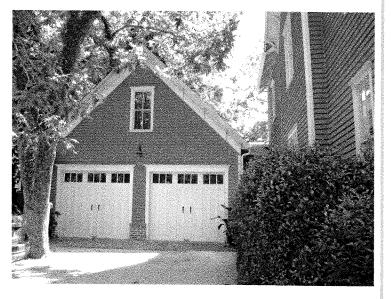


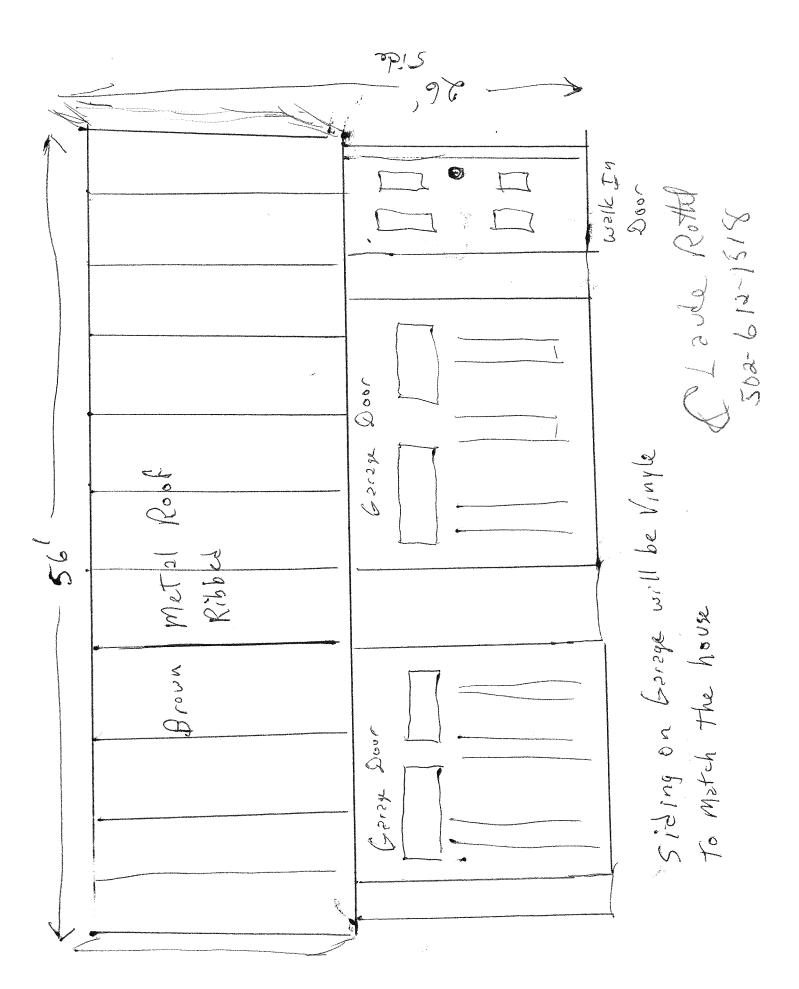
YES: The new garage at 513 Mulberry Street was designed to be compatible with the new primary dwelling through its gable roof, weatherboard siding, and paneled garage doors.

- 24.5 Materials used for new garages and outbuildings should reflect the historical development of the property. Materials used at exterior façades of garages and outbuildings were often different (and less costly) than that of the main dwelling. Materials that are appropriate for new secondary buildings include wood or brick. If frame buildings are constructed, alternative materials may be considered if they resemble traditional wood siding in texture, dimension, and overall appearance. Materials such as T1-11 siding, plywood and oriented strand board (OSB) are not sufficiently durable for exterior use and are not appropriate.
- 24.6 Generally, the eaves and roof ridge of any new outbuilding should not be higher than those of the existing primary building.
- 24.7 Windows which are readily visible from the public right-of-way should be appropriate to the style of the house. Visible pedestrian doors should either be appropriate for the style of house to which the outbuilding relates or be flat with no panels.
- 24.8 Metal garage doors with a paneled design may be appropriate. These doors can be used on garages that are located at the back of the lot and are minimally visible from the street or public right-of-way. If the garage and garage doors are highly visible from a public street or located on a corner lot, solid wood or wood garage doors with a paneled design are more appropriate.
- 24.9 At double garages, two single garage doors rather than one larger, double door should be installed. This will maintain the scale and rhythm of older structures, making a two-car garage seem smaller and more compatible with the primary dwelling.
- 24.10 New carports should be located at the rear of dwellings and not visible. Most carport designs have flat roofs and metal support columns and are not compatible with historic dwelling designs.



YES: These two contemporary designs above and below are appropriate examples for new garages and are of wood shingles and siding with compatible garage doors.







Request for Certificate of Appropriateness

	ð
	pplication has been made by: (name)
	Ω.
	ם
	<u>o</u> .
	3
	2
	S
	ğ
	Ď
	<u>コ</u>
	3
	a C
	o
	9
•	.
•	<u> </u>
	മ
	ጋ ው
ì	
l	ä
	Ш
	O)
	Ä
	2
	∑ a
l	b
	ıda Rot
	8
	#
	O .
ı	ne) Claude and Wanda Rottet
	et

Proposed Action to: (explain)	Property Address: (address)826 Fillmore St.	

build a two car garage with a walk in door, with siding and roofing matching the house

Meeting will be held on: (date) December 16, 2024

Place of Meeting: City Hall — 101 W. Main Street, Madison, IN 47250

Time of Meeting: 5:30 PM

POSTING DEADLINE

12-1-2024

application All interested persons are welcome to attend this hearing to voice their objections or support for the

For further information, Contact the Office of Planning, Preservation, & Design at (812) 265-8324.